

The EU-Norway management plan for North Sea haddock

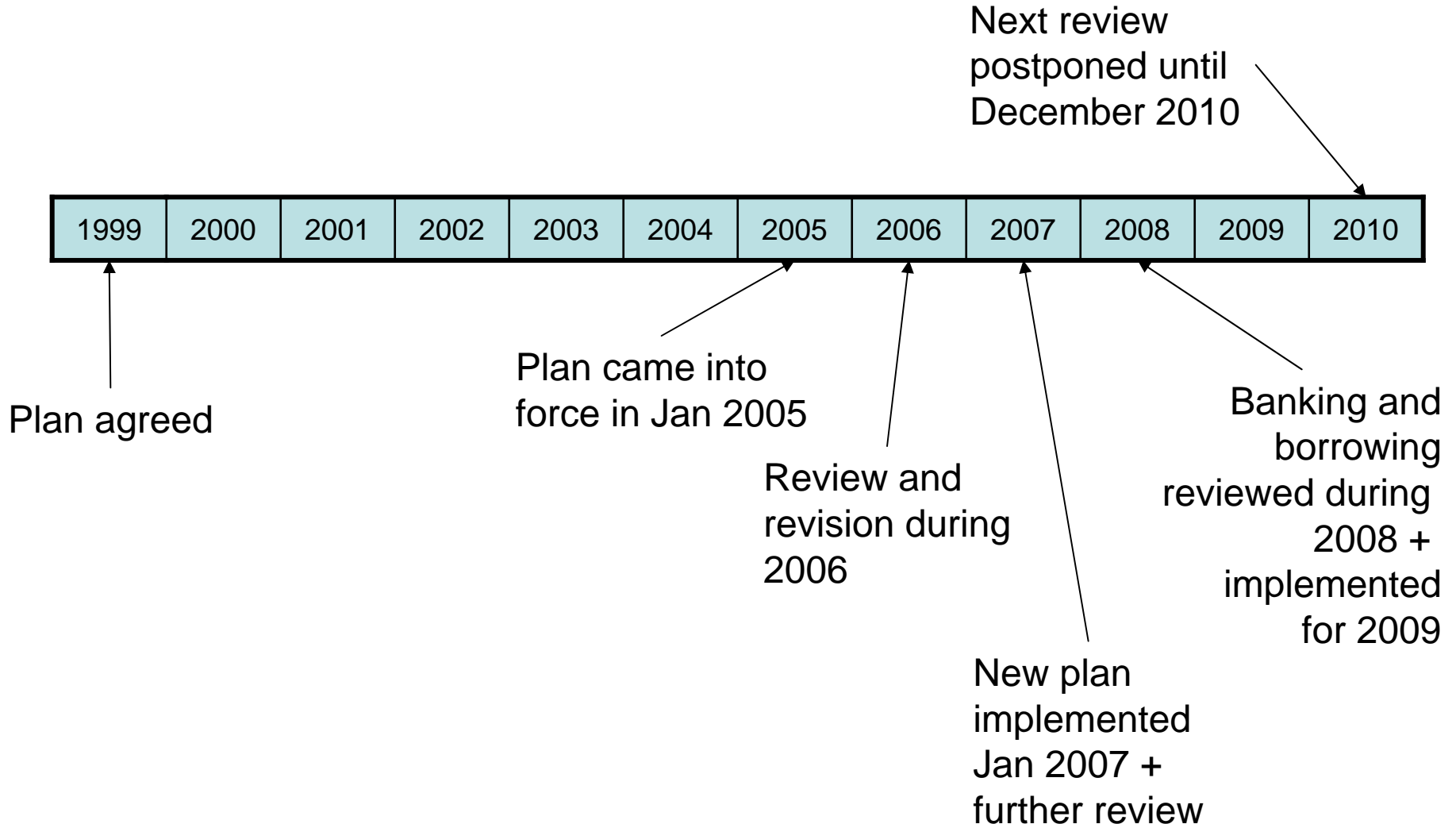
Coby Needle, Marine Laboratory, Aberdeen

Outline



- History and modifications
- Structure
- Evaluations
- Success or failure?

History and modifications

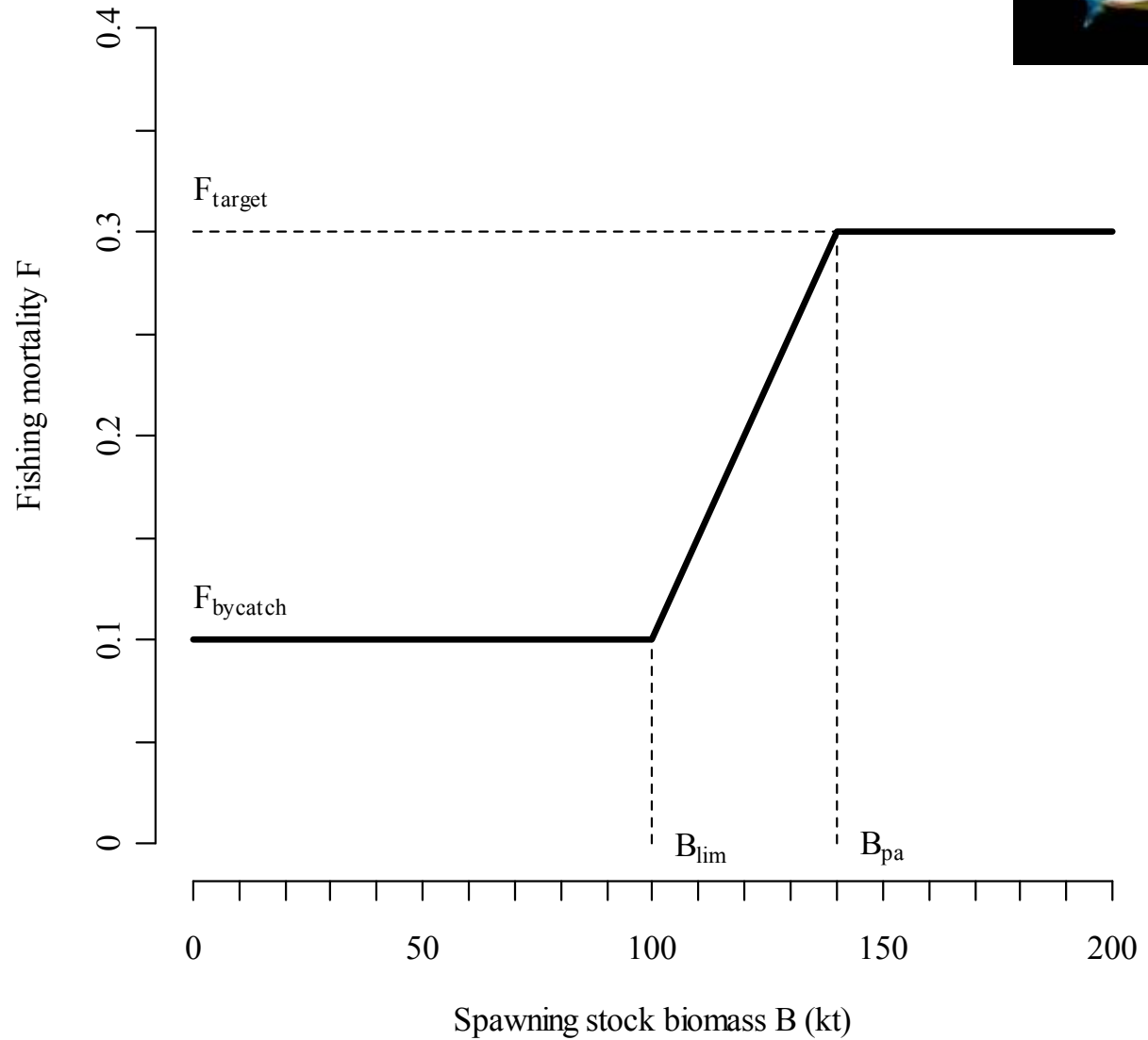


Structure

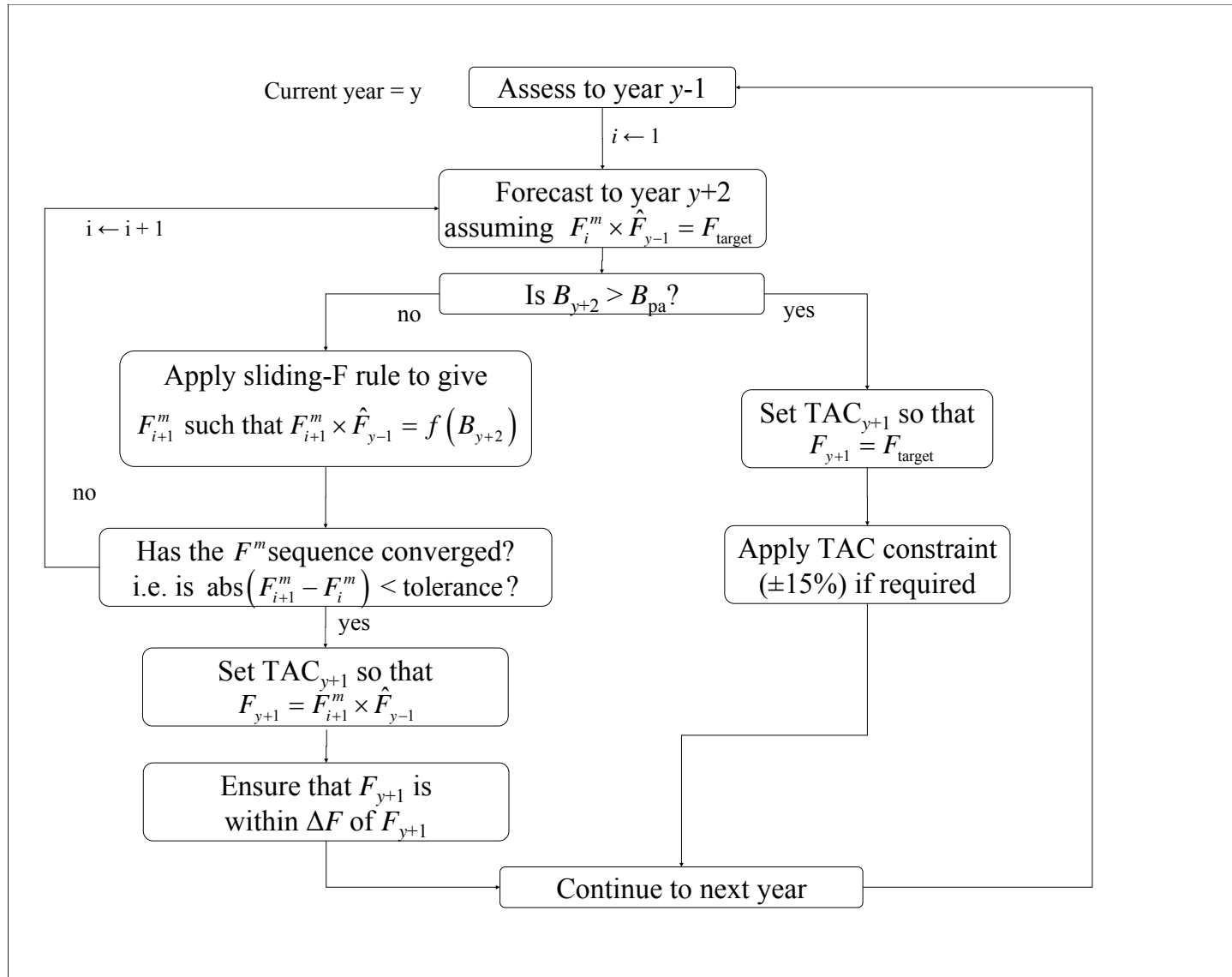


- Target $F = 0.3$
 - But sliding F rule if biomass low
- Constraint ($\pm 15\%$) on interannual quota variation
 - If biomass greater than B_{pa}
- Banking and borrowing
 - $\pm 10\%$ maximum.
 - Stock must be predicted to remain above B_{pa} .
 - Quota banked for next year, or borrowed from next year, is not available for subsequent banking or borrowing.

Structure



Structure



Evaluations



- Three distinct evaluation phases:
 - Original plan
 - Revised plan
 - Banking and borrowing
- Extensive analyses:
 - Around 20 meetings
 - 5 papers
 - 1 poster
 - 11 presentations

Evaluations

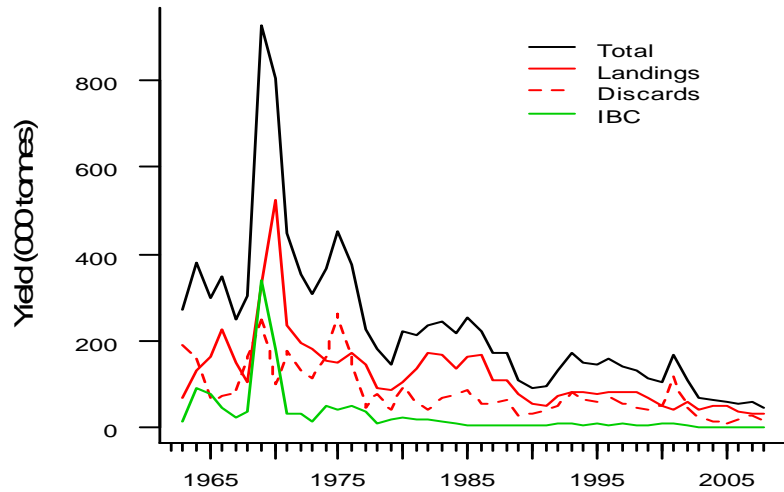


- Plan conclusions:
 - “It provides a low risk of biomass being below the limit reference point, along with stability in quotas that will benefit the fishing industry and related economies.” (Needle 2008)
- Banking and borrowing conclusions:
 - “it is very unlikely that any permitted sequence of banking-and-borrowing would have any deleterious effect on the future sustainability of the North Sea haddock stock.” (ICES 2008)

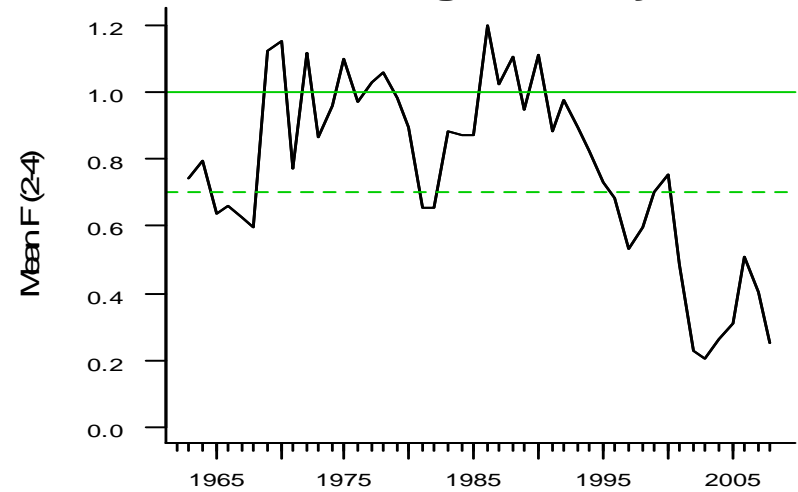
Success or failure?



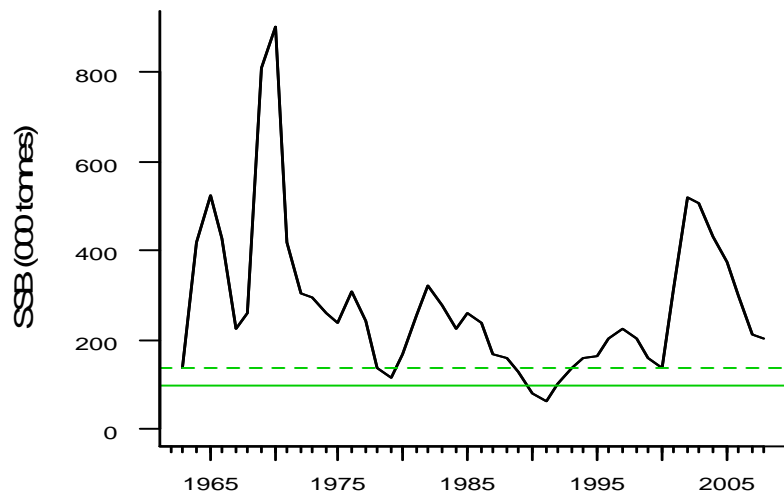
Yield



Fishing mortality



SSB



Recruitment at age 0

